RADIATOR AND COOLING SYSTEM

## SERVICE INSTRUCTION LEAFLET

ISSUED BY
ROLLS-ROYCE LIMITED
Subject: COOLING SYSTEM
FROTECTION FROM FROST:-ANII FREEZE ADDITIVES.
ALL MODELS.
$\qquad$

This Leaflet cancels RR/R1 (a).
The following table indicates the antimfeeze additives reccumended and the quantities required to give protection against various degrees of frost.

Attention is drawn to the following points in connection with these additives.

It is essential that whether the basic constituent 18 glycerine or

## IMPORTANT

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TRANSMITTED TO ANY UNAUTHORIZED PERSON. ethylene giycol, a corrosion inhibitor be included in the mixture. Inhibited ethylene glycol complies with this requirement. In the case of the glycerine base alternative the inhibitor must be added. On no account should these two types of anti-freeze be mixed.

Owing to the adverse affect of glycerine on rubber and the tendency for ethylene glycol to find weak points which may exist in the cooling system, an examination should be made to ensure good coolant joints before either is introduced.

It is desirable to make up the anti-freeze mixture before filling the system, the use of hot water is recommended.


Temperature
${ }^{\circ}$ Centigrade
$-5^{\circ}$
-10
-170
$-20^{\circ}$

| 4 | res. | 2 | Itrs. | 4 1 | trs. |  | trs. | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ Itrs. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | * | 3 | " | $7 \frac{3}{4}$ | " | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ | ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 6 | * |
| $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\cdots$ | $4 \frac{1}{4}$ | " | 101 ${ }_{4}$ | " | $9 \frac{3}{4}$ | " | $8 \frac{1}{4}$ | * |
| $6 \frac{1}{4}$ | 10 | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\cdots$ | 111 |  | 11 | * | 9 | \% |

Continued:
GLYCERINE AND WATERGLASS (SILICATE OF SODIUM).
Glycerine in Pints.
Waterglass in fl.oz.

Temperature
OFahrenhait

| $20^{\circ}$ | $10^{\circ}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{pts} \\ & 1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{flooz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \frac{3}{4} \text { ptso } \\ & 1 \\ & \text { f1. } 1.0 z \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \frac{1}{2} \text { pts。 } \\ & 2 \frac{1}{2} \text { flooz. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \text { pts. } \\ & 2 \frac{1}{2} \text { flı。oz. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $7 \frac{1}{2} \text { pts. }$$2 \mathrm{f} 1.02$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $12^{\circ}$ | $20^{\circ}$ | $2^{7 \frac{1}{2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \frac{1}{2} \\ & 1 \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | " | $\begin{array}{ll} 14 & \prime \prime \\ 3 \frac{1}{2} & \prime \prime \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \\ & 3 \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | " | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \frac{3}{4} \\ & 2 \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | " |
| $2^{\circ}$ | $30^{\circ}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 9 \frac{1}{2} & \prime \prime \\ 2 \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $"$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \frac{1}{2} \quad \prime \prime \\ & 4 \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \frac{1}{2} \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | " | $\begin{aligned} & 13 \frac{3}{4} \\ & 3 \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$ | " |
| $-3^{\circ}$ | $35^{\circ}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \frac{1}{4} \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \frac{1}{4} \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | " | $\begin{array}{ll} 21 \\ 5 \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \frac{1}{4} \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | " | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \frac{1}{2} \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | n |

Temperature ${ }^{\circ}$ Centigrade
$-5^{\circ}$
$-11^{\circ}$
$-17^{\circ}$
$-20^{\circ}$

3 1trse 42 ccs.
$4 \frac{4}{4}$
56
$5 \frac{1}{2}$
70
$\begin{array}{ll}6 \frac{1}{2} & \prime \prime \\ 84\end{array}$
$4 \frac{3}{4}$
56 56
$12 "$
154
$\frac{\text { Glycerine in Litres }}{\text { Waterglass in CCso }}$

